IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA CHARLOTTE DIVISION

Civil Case No. 3:10cv414 [Criminal Case No. 3:08cr259]

SHONTAVIA BARBER,)
Petitioner,)
v.	ORDER and NOTICE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
Respondent.)
)

THIS MATTER is before the Court on the Respondent's Motion for Summary Judgment [Doc. 4].

In view of the Petitioner's *pro se* status, the Court provides notice to her, pursuant to Roseboro v. Garrison, 528 F.2d 309 (4th Cir. 1975), of the heavy burden that she carries in responding to Respondent's Motion.

The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure provide:

A party asserting that a fact ... is genuinely disputed must support the assertion by:

(A) citing to particular parts of materials in the record, including depositions, documents ... affidavits or declarations, stipulations (including those made for

purposes of the motion only), admissions, interrogatory answers, or other materials; or

(B) showing that the materials cited do not establish the absence or presence of a genuine dispute, or that an adverse party cannot produce admissible evidence to support that fact.

...

An affidavit or declaration used to ... oppose a motion must be made on personal knowledge, set out facts that would be admissible in evidence, and show that the affiant or declarant is competent to testify on the matters stated.

...

If a party fails to ... properly address another party's assertion of fact as required ..., the court may:

. . .

- (2) consider the fact undisputed for purposes of the motion:
- (3) grant summary judgment if the motion and supporting materials-including the facts considered undisputed-show that the movant is entitled to it; or

Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c)(1); 56(c)(4); 56(e) (2010). This language means that if the Petitioner has any evidence to offer to show that there is a genuine factual dispute for resolution, she must now present it to this Court in a form which would otherwise be admissible at trial; that is, in the form of affidavits or unsworn declarations. An affidavit is a written statement sworn to before a notary public. Howard Acquisitions, LLC v. Giannasca New Orleans, LLC,

2010 WL 3834917 **3 (D.Md. 2010). An unsworn declaration or statement, made and signed under the penalty of perjury, also may be submitted. 28 U.S.C. §1746.

Affidavits or unsworn declarations must be presented by the Petitioner to this Court within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order. Pursuant to Rule 56(e), the Petitioner's failure to respond may result in the granting of the Respondent's Motion for Summary Judgment; that is, in the dismissal with prejudice of Petitioner's Motion to Vacate.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that on or before thirty (30) days from the entry of this Order, the Petitioner may file response, including any evidence, to the Respondent's Motion for Summary Judgment.

Signed: December 6, 2010

Martin Reidinger

United States District Judge